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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
               EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI
                     EASTERN DIVISION
MONSANTO COMPANY and
MONSANTO TECHNOLOGY LLC.
               Plaintiffs,
                                No. 4:09-cv-00686-ERW
٧.
E.I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS AND
COMPANY and PIONEER HI-BRED
INTERNATIONAL, INC.,
               Defendants.
                 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
          BEFORE THE HONORABLE E. RICHARD WEBBER
               UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
                       June 21, 2010
APPEARANCES:
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(Proceedings began at 1:07 p.m.)

THE COURT: I understand we have a technical issue and so the choice is to select between the image of the attorney or the image of the exhibit and I would assume that the exhibit is what everyone needs to see. Am I correct or is that incorrect?

MS. BEN-AMI: I think that's right for at least one of the motions, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Why don't we go with that and then once we do that, can we switch if we need to?

MS. BEN-AMI: I think we can, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Is there any objection to proceeding in that fashion?

MR. CONRAN: (Nonverbal response.)

THE COURT: All right. Very well. The case is

Monsanto -- please be seated -- Monsanto Company and

Monsanto Technology LLC versus DuPont, Pioneer. The case
number is 4:09-cv-00686-ERW.

There are several motions that I'll be considering today. First, Monsanto's Motion for a Protective Order Relating to Third-Party Document Subpoenas, Document No. 1'll stop there for just a moment.

Can -- is there a good audio connection in Chicago?

MR. WEBB: Yes, Your Honor, this is Dan Webb and I

switching strategy. That was what we told the Court back in September.

Now if you look at the second exhibit that we used back in September, a thing of beauty.

THE COURT: And a joy forever.

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MR. DENVIR: It's been joy to me, Your Honor. My colleague prepared that, but it's my favorite exhibit. And what I would draw the Court's attention to here, Your Honor, is that this is -- this is a summary of what the counterclaims alleged -- and they alleged an unlawful scheme that had five key related components, each by itself anti-competitive and each contributing to the exclusionary effects of the whole.

And there on the bottom right each company -- each component as part of Monsanto's integrated switching strategy, again the use of switching strategy to encompass all of this anti-competitive license restrictions in Monsanto's agreements.

So first, to force the industry without, Your Honor, 32 as in the platform trait, that's the strategy to switch the industry from Roundup Ready 1 to Roundup Ready 2. Second, to compete competitive generic Roundup Ready -- of the competitive generic Roundup Ready platform trait to extend the temporal scope of that patent monopoly.

And then finally, Your Honor, to extend that

patent monopoly into adjacent markets for traits stacked with generic Roundup Ready platform trait, that on its face implicates these anti-competitive license restrictions.

So, Your Honor, the Court says the anti-competitive license restrictions form the basis for defendants switching strategy theory and submit to the Court that what that means is what we have alleged it means, which means it encompasses the -- the restrictions in Monsanto's licenses that prohibit independent seed companies and germplasm developers from stacking, it includes anti-competitive restrictions in Monsanto's licenses that prevent independent seed companies from being sold to anyone but Monsanto.

It includes anti-competitive provisions in Monsanto's licenses which prevent -- which further buttress Monsanto's poisoned pill provisions by prohibiting co-branding.

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So all of these restrictions, Your Honor, from the beginning we have used to describe our switching theory.

Finally, Your Honor, the third demonstrative we use before Your Honor last September 2nd, the key point here was that the coerced ISC switching strategy is alleged to be the centerpiece of Monsanto's monopolistic campaign.

Again, through unlawful scheme alleged herein, according to the complaints, counterclaims, has five key interrelated -- five key related components, each by itself anti-competitive and each contributing to the exclusionary effects through the whole.

Now, Your Honor, I'm not going to walk you through these exhibits, but at pages 3 through 5 of the demonstratives we have handed up to the Court I have described in more detail some of the counterclaims both in the first set of counterclaims and in the second amended set of counterclaims, which -- which describe -- which describe the switching strategy as encompassing all of these various elements.

Now the other thing, Your Honor, that the September 16th order says is that the claims that are not stayed are claims which do not hinge on the validity of Monsanto's patents.

If you'd turn to page 6, please. The Court says in the order at page 4, the order recognizes -- we say this, the order recognizes that, quote, defendants' switching strategy also does not hinge on the validity of plaintiffs' patents, although it would require significant patent and license related discovery.

Now, Your Honor, we say that anti-competitive license restrictions do not hinge on the validity of